Terry, Dean Rapping on Door of Hall of Famel

Heilmann, Big Poison Picked in '52 Voting

Detroit and Pirate Outfield Stars Only Two to Gain Necessary 75 Per Cent

> By DAN DANIEL NEW YORK, N. Y.

Following the election of Harry Heilmann, deceased, and Paul Waner to the Hall of Fame in this year's balloting, the names of Bill Terry, first baseman of the Giants from 1923 to 1936, and Dizzy Dean, ace pitcher of the Cardinals from 1932 to 1937, will be added to the Cooperstown Pantheon in 1953 if the voting of the baseball writers runs true to form.

Heilmann, who was in the majors from 1914 to 1932, except in 1915 and 1931, drew 203 votes and Waner, major league outfielder from 1926 to 1945, received 195, it was announced January 31. As the total number of votes cast was 234, an increase of eight over last year, and 75 per centor 176-was necessary for election, the two made the shrine by comfortable margins. They became the sixty-first and sixty-second members.

Terry was third with 155, and Dean fourth with 152. Waner, out of 266 votes cast in the 1951 canvass, when 170 were needed for selection, polled 162 and Heilmann, 153, in finishing behind Mel Ott, with 197, and Jimmie Foxx, with 179. Both Terry and Dean gained seven votes this year, from 148 and 145, respectively, in 1951, and are in the same position as Heilmann and Waner were last year.

Heilmann Died July 9

Efforts were made last summer to induce the Hall of Fame Committee to call a special election, so that Heilmann might be named before his expected demise and the citation could be presented to him at home plate just before the All-Star Game in Detroit. He died on July 9, a day before the classic. It will be a solace to his widow, however, to know that Harry, at long last, gained the Hall of Fame.

Al Simmons came in fifth, with 141; Bill Dickey, sixth, 139; Rabbit Maranville, seventh, 133; Dazzy Vance, eighth, 105, and Ted Lyons, ninth, 101.

In the previous vote, Simmons got 116, Dickey 118, Maranville 110, Vance 70 and Lyons 71.

Gabby Hartnett jumped from 57 to 77 and Hank Greenberg, who suffered an amazing relapse in 1951, with 67, started a recovery with 75.

In all, 75 players landed in the scoring, with 17 getting one vote each.

The writers have set something of a record in electing four players in two sideration of players of the last 25. Northwestern League in 1913, came to years.

The 1952 canvass was the thirteenth Hall of Fame election held by the writers. There now are 62 men in the pantheon, with 25 of them chosen by the diamond Boswells. The others were picked by the Hall of Fame Committee.

It is conceivable that before the 1953 election is held, the entire Hall of Fame set-up will be revamped, under the direction of Commissioner Ford C. Frick.

Under the rules, as they stand, the baseball writers are limited to con-fessional career with Portland in the

1913--PortlandN. W.

1915—San Francisco ___P. C.

1918—Detroit _____Amer.

1930-Cincinnati ____Nat.

1931-Cincinnati ____Nat.

1932--CincinnatiNat.

1914-DetroitAmer. 67

1917-Detroit _____ Amer. 150

1916-Detroit _____Amer. 136 451

1919-DetroitAmer. 140 537

1920-Detroit _____Amer. 145 543

1922-Detroit _____Amer. 118 455

1923-Detroit _____Amer. 144 524

1924-Detroit _____Amer. 153 570

1925-Detroit _____Amer. 150 573

1926-Detroit _____Amer. 141 502

1927-Detroit _____Amer. 141 505

1928-Detroit _____Amer. 151 558

1929-Detroit (a) _____Amer, 125 453

Year.

Newest Members of Game's Shrine



PAUL GLEE WANER

HARRY EDWIN HEILMANN

Heilmann Spurned Easy Way Out, Staked Two Titles on Final Games

DETROIT, Mich.-Harry Heilmann's true sporting character was emphasized when he insisted in two seasons on playing out the string, risking his top perch by refusing to sit out the closing games when he could have wrapped up the batting title without chancing a slump or failure.

On October 4, 1925, final day of the campaign, Tris Speaker, 42-year-old manager of the Indians, led Heilmann by one point, .389 to .388, for loop batting honors. Cleveland was booked for one game on closing day while the Tigers had a double-header at St. Louis.

Speaker had benched himself during the latter part of the campaign and did not play in the Indians' finale. Meanwhile, Heilmann banged out three hits in six trips in the twin-bill opener at St. Louis to pass the Gray Eagle, .3895 to .3893. Harry's teammates urged him to sit out the second game, but he insisted on playing and made three hits in as many trips to finish with .393five points ahead of Speaker and seven ahead of Al Simmons, in third place.

Two seasons later Heilmann won another batting title under almost identical circumstances. Entering the last day of the season, October 2, he trailed Simmons by a point, .392 to .391. The A's played only one game and Simmons made two hits in five tries. Detroit had two games that day, and Heilmann rapped out four safeties in five tries in the opener to hike his average to .395. Instead of sitting out the nightcap, he again insisted on playing and connected safely three times in four appearances to finish with a league-leading .398 average.

spite this regulation, some of the 1952 | 1916 broke in as a regular Tiger. voters wrote in Joe DiMaggio's name.

The present rules also bar naming Bill Kiem or any other umpire; Joe Mc-Carthy, Miller Huggins or any other manager; Charley Dryden, Paul Shannon or any other writer; John A. Heydler or any other executive.

Heilmann was born in San Francisco on August 3, 1894. He started his pro-

44 11 18 115 •.403

*45 16 10 113 .346

10 14 107

41 7 15 120 ,344

11 13

38

43

Out of game all season

years. And none is eligible unless he has Detroit in 1914, was sent to San Franbeen out of the game for a year. De- cisco, where he hit .364, in 1915, and in

Harry won the American League batting championship four times-1921, .394; 1923, .403; 1925, .393; and 1927, .398. He batted better than .300 for 12 straight

Paul Wanted No Fluke

BOSTON, Mass.—Paul Waner, who collected his 3,000th hit in the majors, June 19, 1942, might have accomplished the feat two days earlier except for his refusal to accept a questionable safety.

Playing for the Braves against the Reds in Boston on June 17, Waner hit a fast and tricky grounder to Shortstop Eddie Joost. Eddie knocked the ball down with a backhanded stab near second base and Paul was safe. As Big Poison reached first base, he looked up at the press box and waved his arm to signify he didn't want to be credited with a hit on the play. He hit his 3,000th two days later.

The Sporting News

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years, starting in 1919. His lifetime average'was .342.

After the 1932 season, with Cincinnati, he retired as a player and for many years was a baseball broadcaster at Briggs Stadium.

The sad feature of Harry's spectacular career was his failure to get into a World's Series.

Paul Waner was born on April 16, 1903, at Harrah, Okla. He was sold by San Francisco to Pittsburgh during the 1925 World's Series, for a reported \$85,000. The Giants had first call on Paul, but blew their chance, and Barney Dreyfuss grabbed him from under John McGraw's nose.

Big Poison won the batting championship of the National League thrice —1927, with .380, 1934, with .362, and 1936, with .373. Paul batted better than .300 for a dozen consecutive seasons. His best mark was .380.

Waner's lifetime average is .334. He is a member of a very select coterie of seven major leaguers who have the distinction of having collected at least 3,000 hits during their careers. Paul boasts 3,152. The six others in the Dickie Kerr

Memphis Bill Third and Diz Fourth in Poll

They Will Be the Nominees If Writers' Voting Runs True to Form Next Year

group are Ty Cobb, with 4.191, Tris Speaker, 3,515; Honus Wagner, 3,430; Ed. die Collins, 3,310; Larry Lajoic, 3242; and Cap Anson, 3,081.

McGraw Passed Up Paul

Waner's .401 average with San Francisco in 1925, his third year in professional ball, made him a much sought-after player, Mc-Graw doubtless would have been much more eager to land Paul but for his sad experience with Jimmy O'Connell, \$75,000 acquisition from the Seals, who had been barred by Judge K. M. Landis just before the 1924 World's Series.

Paul went from Forbes Field to the Dodgers and then the Braves, in 191, returned to Flatbush in 1943, and finished up with the Yankees in 1944 and

Some of the players who figured in the 1951 Hall of Fame election, notably Home Run Baker, no longer were eligible, under the 25-year rule.

The 1952 vote, as announced by Ken Smith, secretary of the Baseball Writers' Association, follows:

'52 Hall of Fame Lineup

203 Rube Marquard Harry Heilmann Paul Waner 195 Jim Bottonsky 155 Jimmie Wilson Bill Terry 152 Charlie Grimm Dizzy Dean Al Simmons 141 Jimmie Dykes Tommy Henrich Bill Dickey 'e 133 Red Rolfe Rabbit Maranv 105 Everett Scott Dazzy Vance 101 Cy Williams Ted Lyons Gabby Hartnett Babe Herman Hank Greenberg 75 Art Nehi Eppa Risey Chief Bender Bucky Walters Joe Cronin Earl Avenil Ray Schalk Wilbur Cooper Max Carey Al Lopez Hank Gowdy Adolfo Luque Ross Youngs Rog. Peckinpaugh 2 Pepper Martin Eddie Rommtl Zack Wheat Lloyd Waner Vernon Gomez Earle Combs Tony Lazzeri Frankie Crosetti Casey Stengel Ben Chapman Edd Roush Leo Durocher Hack Wilson 19 Howard Ehmke Chuck Klein 19 Mike Gonzaltz Lefty O'Doul 12 Chick Hafey Bucky Harris 12 Travis Jackson Waite Hoyt 11 Clyde Milan Dave Bancroft 11 Bob Meusel Duffy Lewis Kiki Cuyler 10 Hub Pruett Sam Rice Mel Harder 10 Muddy Ruel Steve O'Neill George Selkirk Charley Ruffing Billy Southworth 1 Babe Adams Billy Werber Red Faber Glenn Wright Burleigh Grimes

How Big Poison Punished Pitchers

Year. Club. League	G.	AB.	R.	H.	2B.	3B		, RBI	13.74. 1	953
1923—San FranciscoP. C.	112	325	54	120	30	4.	3	39	369	969
1924-San FranciscoP. C.	160	587	113	209	46	· 5	8	97	, səti	977
1925-San FranciscoP. C.	174	699	167	280	*75	7	11		· 4(1)	976
1926—PittsburghNat.	144	530	101	180		*22	8	79	336	978
	†155	623		*237		*17	9		580	
1928—PittsburghNat.	152		•142	223	*50	19	6	86	370	,979
1929—PittsburghNat.	151	596	131	200	43	15	15	100	336	966
1930—PittsburghNat.	145	589	117	217	32	18	8	77	368	(159) 201
1931—PittsburghNat.	150	559	88	180	35	10	6	70	.322	681
1932—PittsburghNat.	†154	630	107	215	*62	10	7	82	.341	.674
1933—PittsburghNat.	154	618	101	191	38	16	7	70	.309	.661
1934—Pittsburgh	146			*217	32	16	14	90	* 362	.985
	139	549	98	176		12	11	78	.321	,483
	148	585	107	218	29 53	- 9	5	94	 373 	÷60
		619	94	219	30	ğ	2	74	354	3470
	154	625	77	175	31	6	6	69	260	977
	148				30	6	3	45	3.28	.977
1939—PittsburghNat.	125	461	62	151	16	ĭ	ĭ	32	200	.948
1940—Pittsburgh (a) Nat.	89	238	32	69	10	'n	2	50	267	\$155
1941—Brook. (b)-BosNat.	106	329	45	88		1 2 1	1	39	2.8	-69
1942-Boston (c)Nat.	114	333	43	86	17	ō	î	26	311	069
1943—BrooklynNat.	82	225	29	70	16		ō	16	.287	4.83
1944Brooklyn (d) Nat.	83	136	16	39	4	1		1	.143	(4)0
1944-New York Amer.	9	7	1	1	Ö	0	0	Ô	000	(મંથી
1945-New York (e)Amer.	. 1	0	0	0	ō,	0	0		325	S-46
1946—MiamiFla. Ir	11. 62	80	12	26	6	2	U	12		
							110	1300	.334	9.6
Major League Totals	.2549	9459	1626	3152	603	190	112	1909	.,,,,,	

*Indicates led league. †Tied for leadership. (a) Unconditionally released by Pittsburgh Pirates, December 10, 1940. and signed by Brooklyn Dodgers, January 31, 1941.
(b) Unconditionally released by Brooklyn Dodgers, May 11, 1941; signed

by Boston Braves, May 24, 1941. (c) Unconditionally released by Boston Braves, January 19, 1943, and signed with Brooklyn Dodgers, January 21, 1943. (d) Unconditionally released by Brooklyn Dodgers, September, 1944.

subsequently signed with New York Yankees. (e) Unconditionally released by New York Yankees, May 3, 1945. WORLD'S SERIES RECORD

	MOTUD 9	CENTIFIC	O 152						- A	ť Á
Year. Club. 1927—Pittsburgh	League G.	AB. 15	R.	H.	2B.	3B.	HR.	RBI 3	.В А. "333 :) (((0
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Year. League.	•	AB.	R.	H.	2B.	3B.	$_{\rm HR}$	KB1	.000	000
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1934—National			Õ	Õ	0	0	O.	v		(00
1935-National		~ 7	ő	õ	Ġ	0	0	0	.000	(00
1027 Mational			×	ž	ň	ň	n	1	000	(-1-1

All-Star Game Totals __

Major League Totals _____2146 7787 1291 2660 542 151 183 1550 .342 .974

12 Straight .300s for Harry

74 172

121 211

107 197

90 184

106 201

83 183

86 156

79 153

114

League G. AB. R. H.

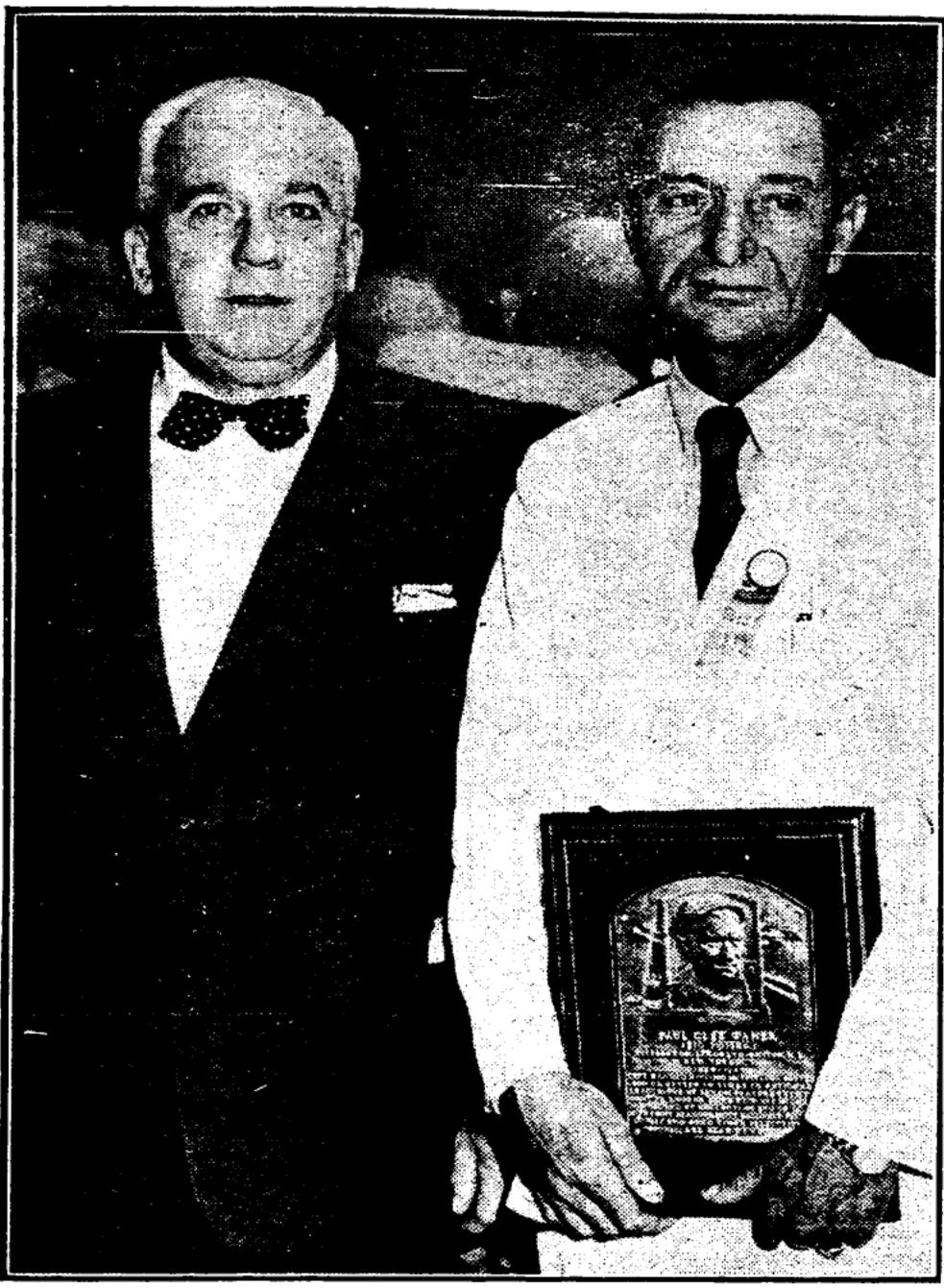
THE SPORTING NEWS, FEBRUARY 6, 1952

(a) Released on waivers to Cincinnati, October 29, 1930.

142 459

1879. Subscription price \$10 one year; \$5.50 | six months; \$3.00 three months.

Paul Waner, 3,000-Hit Hall-of-Famer, Dead



PAUL WANER with National League President Warren Giles after the former Pirate outfielder was installed in the Hall of Fame at Cooperstown in 1952.

Pirate 'Big Poison' Copped Three N. L. Batting Titles

By FREDERICK G. LIEB

SARASOTA, Fla.

One of baseball's great batsmen, Hall of Famer Paul Glee Waner, former right fielder of the Pirates, died of pulmonary emphysema, complicated by the aftermaths of pneumonia, at his home here, August 29.

The 5-81/2 outfielder, known to baseball as Big Poison, was 62 years old. In recent years, Waner had been employed as a batting instructor by the Red Sox, Cardinals, Braves and Phillies.

Paul's brother, Lloyd, also was a star Pirate outfielder. The Oklahoma Waner boys were dubbed Big Poison and Little Poison because they were so deadly to National League pitching. An opposition pitcher, working in Forbes Field, Pittsburgh, in the late '20s, observed: "Every time I look up. a Waner is rounding second base."

Big Poison was one of the few batters to collect 3,000 hits in the majors. The others were Cap Anson, Ty Cobb, Eddie Collins, Napoleon Lajoie, Tris Speaker, Hans Wagner and Stan Musial. All except Musial, who is not yet eligible, made the Hall of Fame. Paul ranks seventh in total hits with 3,152.

Expert Place-Hitter

He mastered Willie Keeler's knack of "hitting 'em where they ain't" more effectively than any other batsman of the last four decades. One of the most astute hitters the game ever produced, Waner knew that batting was not a matter of great physical strength. He proved that a comparatively small man, by mastering timing and leverage, could outhit stronger and bigger athletes. While his playing weight was given as 160 pounds, Paul later admitted he rarely weighed more than 153 pounds.

Waner served 17 seasons of his noteworthy 21-year major league career with the Pirates, but when he collected his 3,000th big league hit, June 19, 1942, he was with the Boston Braves. Waner made his historic hit off a former Pirate teammate,

Bucs Took Paul's Advice, Got Star in Brother Lloyd

ST. PETERSBURG, Fla. --Paul Waner was largely responsible for the baseball career of his younger brother, the 145pound Lloyd, who had a .331 batting average for his 18 seasons in the majors.

Before Paul left San Francisco in 1925, he induced the Seals to give Lloyd a trial. Graduating to the Pirates in 1926, Paul told his new boss, Barney Dreyfuss, of Lloyd's possibilities.

"Don't let his weight fool you," insisted Paul. Barney listened, got the younger brother from San Francisco for a song and sent him to Columbia of the Sally League for a year's seasoning.

By 1927, Lloyd was ready to join Paul on the Pirates. Lloyd broke in with 223 hits and an average of .355.

"Didn't I tell you, Mr. Dreyfuss?" Paul exulted.

Truett (Rip) Sewell, the Corsairs' old blooperball exponent. Paul also



TWO OF THE GAME'S most potent batting combinations got together before the 1927 World Series. They were the Waner brothers,

Lloyd (left) and Paul, and the Yankee heavy artillery, Babe Ruth and Lou Gehrig. Paul collected 3,152 hits in the majors.

played with Brooklyn in the twilight of his career and finished up as an American leaguer with the Yankees in the war seasons of 1944-45.

In addition to amassing 3,152 hits and being voted into the Hall of Fame in 1952, Waner had other claims to distinction. He led the National League in batting three seasons-1927, 1934 and 1936-was voted the National League's Most Valuable Player in 1927 and was named an outfielder on THE SPORTING News' All-Star teams in 1927, 1928 and 1937.

.333 Lifetime Average

His lifetime batting average was a magnificent .333. He hit over .300 14 times, 12 years in succession, 1926-1937. Paul also tied Willie Keeler's ancient mark and set a modern National League record by banging out 200 or more hits in eight seasons. He also was tied with Mel Ott, the former Giant, for the modern N. L. record of scoring 100 or more runs nine times. Musial and Willie Mays later increased the mark to 11.

In his freshman year in the big leagues, 1926, Waner went 6-for-6 in one game, and on May 20, 1932, he tied a National League record by hitting four doubles in one game. In his lone World Series, 1927, when the Pirates were manhandled four straight by the mighty Yankees, Paul hit .333. Paul and Lloyd, who batted .400, stood out like beacon lights for the losing Pirates.

Despite the fact that Paul was comparatively small, he was not a singles hitter, as was Keeler. Paul hit with considerable power and had the knack of placing hits between the outfielders. Big Poison was especially adept at hitting twobaggers.

112 Homers in Big Time

In 1925, his last year in the Pacific Coast League, he hit 75 doubles for San Francisco. In 1926, his first in the majors, he hit 35 doubles and 22 triples for the Pirates. He jacked up his two-base output to 50 in 1928 and 62 in 1932. During his long career in the majors, he hit 112 homers, with a high of 15 in 1929.

Paul Waner was born on a farm near Harrah, Okla., on April 16, 1903. His parents were German. When the Waner boys starred for



WANER, who became a batting instructor with various clubs, is shown in 1947, discussing his favorite subject with Ted Williams, an authority on the subject himself.

the Pirates in the late '20s and '30s, it frequently was printed that they had been poor Oklahoma farm kids, who rarely wore shoes, and used to walk bare-footed for miles to sneak under the fence and watch independent teams play at Ada, Okla.

Paul resented such stories in his

later years when he discussed his boyhood in his Sarasota home.

"My father was a man of breeding," he said. "We lived in the best house in our locality.

"We Waner children never knew

(Continued on Page 16, Column 1)

Batting Legacy Left by Big Poison Year. Club. League. Pos. G. AB. 1923—San Fran......P.C. OF-1B 112 325 8 97 .356 11 130 *.401 8 79 .336 9 *131 *.380 6 88 .370 15 100 .336 8 77 .368 6 70 .322 7 82 .341 7 70 .309 14 90 *.362 11 78 .321 5 94 *.373 2 74 .354 6 69 .280 3 45 .328 1 32 .290 2 50 .267 1 39 .258 1 26 .311 0 16 .287 1924-San Fran......P. C. OF 160 587 113 699 167 280 536 101 180 623 113 *237 602 *142 223 596 131 200 589 117 217 1925-San Fran.....P.C. OF-1B 174 OF 144 1926-Pittsburgh....Nat. 1927-Pittsburgh....Nat. O-1B •155 152 .986 .959 .981 .974 .981 1928—Pittsburgh....Nat. 1929—Pittsburgh....Nat. 1930—Pittsburgh....Nat. 589 117 217 559 88 180 630 107 215 618 101 191 599 122 217 549 98 176 585 107 218 619 94 219 1931-Pittsburgh....Nat. *O-1B 150 1932—Pittsburgh....Nat. 1933—Pittsburgh....Nat. OF 146 OF 139 1934-Pittsburgh....Nat. 1935-Pittsburgh....Nat. 1936-Pittsburgh...Nat. 619 625 94 77 1937-Pittsburgh...Nat. 175 151 .977 148 OF 1938-Pittsburgh Nat. 62 32 45 43 29 16 125 89 106 461 1939-Pittsburgh....Nat. 1940-Pittsburgh....Nat. OF-1B 1941-Brook.-Bos...Nat. OF-1B 1942-Boston.....Nat. 1943—Brooklyn.....Nat. 1944—Brooklyn.....Nat. 1944-New York.....Amer. 1945-New York.....Amer. PH 1946---Miami... National League Totals.....2539 9452 1625 3151 American League Totals... 10 Major League Totals.......2549 9459 1626 3152 603 190 112 1309 .333 *Led league. •Tied for league lead. WORLD SERIES RECORD G. AB. R. H. 2B. 3B. HR. RBI. B.A. F.A. 4 15 0 5 1 0 0 3 .333 1.000 Year. Club. League. Pos. 1927—Pittsburgh. Nat. OF ALL-STAR RECORD 3B. HR. RBI. B.A. F.A. Pos. AB. R. \mathbf{H} . Year. League. 1933—National. .000 1.000 1934---National 1935—National. 1937-National All-Star Game Totals..

Paul Considered Teaching Career While in College

(Continued From Page 15)

anything but sanitary indoor plumbing; we always had plenty of good, wholesome food and if we went barefooted in summer, it was because other Oklahoma kids also did that, not because there was any shortage of shoes in the Waner household."

Paul attended grammar school in Harrah, but moved to Oklahoma City for high school. There, he had no difficulty in making the high school baseball team as a first baseman and outfielder. He always was a lefthanded thrower and batsman. As a big leaguer, he could be depended upon to fill in at first base in an emergency.

Later Moved to Sarasota

After high school in Oklahoma City, Paul attended East Central State Teachers' College at Ada for two years. Before moving to Sarasota during his Pirate career, he called Ada his year-round residence.

In college, he gave some thought to teaching for a livelihood. It never occurred to him during his college days that he would later become a professor of batting.

While Waner was playing college and independent ball in Oklahoma, he caught the eye of a part-time scout working for the San Francisco Seals. Waner joined the Seals in 1923 and showed remarkable batting aptitude from the start. As a 20-year-old rookie, he batted .369 in 112 games. For the next 14 years, he never fell below .320.

The player who was to be named Big Poison hit .356 in 1924, his first complete Coast league season. He soared to .401 as the Coast league batting champion in 1925. That year he drove out 280 hits, including 75 doubles, in 174 games.

Package Deal Sought

Most of the big league clubs had scouts trailing Waner that season, but the San Francisco management was particularly interested in a package deal, one involving both Waner and the Seals' crack short-stop, Hal Rhyne.

The Pirates were world champions in 1925, and had made considerable money in the league race and the subsequent seven-game World Series. Pirate Owner Barney Dreyfuss, prodded by Scout Joe Devine, out-bid his rivals and purchased Waner and Rhyne for a goodly sum. This enabled Dreyfuss to charge the purchase price against his substantial 1925 profits.

Barney did not live to realize what

Waner Among Elite Eight Who Rapped 3,000 hits

SARASOTA, Fla.—Paul Waner was one of eight major league players who collected 3,000 or more hits. Here is the list:

	Lifetim e			
	Hits	B. A.		
1. Ty Cobb	4,191	.367		
2. Stan Musial	3,630	.331		
3. Tris Speaker	3,515	.344		
4. Honus Wagner	3,430	.329		
5. Eddie Collins	3,311	.333		
6. Nap Lajoie	3,152	.339		
7. Paul Waner		.333		
8. Adrian Anson		.339		

a great deal he had made. Rhyne never lived up to his Coast league promise, but Waner proved worth his weight in gold, Pittsburgh's greatest hitter with the exception of the immortal Wagner.

Paul hit .336 in his freshman year in the National League, 1926. He was a fine hit-and-run man and proved a capable, hard-throwing right fielder.

While the Oklahoma boy became famous mostly for his hitting, he was for years one of baseball's finest outfielders.

The 1927 season, when the Pirates won the pennant, saw Waner climb to his greatest heights. He cracked out 237 hits to win his first National League batting crown with an average of .380, high for his long major league career. He also drove in 131 runs.

They All Looked Alike

"I just couldn't do anything wrong that season," Paul related. "It was only necessary for me to poke my bat at the ball and hits would explode to all fields. It surely was fun. I was hitting righthanders and southpaws with equal ease."

Waner followed his 237-hit crop of 1927 with 223, 200 and 217 in the next three years. He hit .370 in 1928, when the batting title went to Rogers Hornsby, and .368 in 1930, when the top man was Bill Terry with .401. But Paul won his second batting championship in 1934 with .362 and his third in 1936 with .373.

He played in four of the first five All-Star games, and it always was a sore topic with him that he failed to get a hit in eight official times at bat,

"I guess those American League pitchers didn't think I was too hot as a hitter," he once observed wryly.

He fell under .300 for the first time in his professional career in 1938 Waner Believed Proper Tutoring Could Aid Hitter

SARASOTA, Fla. — While admitting that great hitters are born, Paul Waner was a great believer that the averages of .200 to .250 hitters could be improved 25 to 40 points by adequate instructions.

"There is no excuse for regular big league hitters batting .200," he said recently. "It is a crying shame. All they need to do is to learn to coordinate their bodies, arms and wrists. They lose so many hits by just trying to kill the ball." LIEB.

when he dropped to .280. It was the year the Pirates, with a seven-game lead on September 1, blew the pennant to the Cubs.

The late-season letdown was especially painful to Paul. He felt he had let down Pirate Manager Pie Traynor and his teammates.

"I wasn't hitting the way I should and could," he related in a fanning bee. "I saw open spaces between the outfielders, picked my spots, but still couldn't get the ball through."

Worried over his 1938 batting slump, Waner started wearing glasses. He climbed back to .328 in 1939, but had only one other .300 average afterward, .311 with the Dodgers in 82 games in 1943.

Paul was shifted around considerably late in his career. Pittsburgh gave him his unconditional release shortly after the 1941 season. He was picked up by the Dodgers, but they released him in May, 1941, and he landed with the Boston Braves.

He was back with the Dodgers in 1943, but they again released him in early September, 1944. With a chance to win the 1944 pennant, Joe McCarthy, then Yankee manager, hired Waner near the end of that war season. Paul played in nine Yankee games in September, 1944, but got only one hit in seven times at bat.

Released by Bombers

He accompanied the Yankees on their 1945 training trip to Atlantic City, but was released unconditionally, May 3, after appearing in only one 1945 Yankee box score.

Paul tried to make a fresh start as playing manager of the Miami club of the now-defunct Florida-International League in 1946, but did not last out the season. He closed his playing career by hitting .325 for Miami in 62 games.

Frequent imbibing was a problem with Paul and it accounted in part for his numerous shifts in his twilight years. It frequently has been said that Waner could have been an even greater player had he led a more temperate life.

"I'll admit I did my share of drinking," Paul once related. "But I was a sociable type and stories of my drinking were exaggerated.

"I'm proud of the record I left in the baseball books and I do not think any player who was a real lush could have remained in the majors for 20 years, batted out 3,152 hits and hit .333."

Paul Was Good on Links

Around the time he was elected to the Hall of Fame in 1952, he owned a golfing driving range and a baseball batting cage at the outskirts of Sarasota. He always was a fine golfer and several years he won the national lefthanded golfing championship.

After his playing career, Paul maintained a lively interest in teaching batting. He felt it was his forte, and that his long experience and background qualified him for such a role, as indeed they did.

He helped Red Sox hitters during their spring training stays in Sarasota and coached batters on numerous other teams.

Waner is survived by his wife, the former Miss Corinne Moore, whom Paul married on June 10, 1927, during his greatest season. The Waners had one son, who did not inherit his father's athletic skill, but Paul was proud of his boy's success as a student.

Pirates Save Victory Streak With Six-Run Rally in Ninth

By LES BIEDERMAN

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

The Pirates salvaged a game that appeared to be lost with a six-run, ninth-inning rally against the Astros for their seventh win in a row at Forbes Field.

The six-run ninth enabled the Bucs to tie the Texans, 9-9, and they won it in the eleventh inning.

Turk Farrell had a 9-3 lead going into the ninth and then six singles—some of them flukes, and a hit batsman did the trick.

The most damaging blow was a pinch-single to short center by Andre Rodgers off Danny Coombs that sent in two runs and put the tying run on third with one out.

Jim Owens became the fifth Houston pitcher of the inning and Donn Clendenon's sacrifice fly tied it up. Rodgers' single won it in the eleventh off Mike Cuellar.

Clemente made an almost unheard of assist in this game. With runners on first and second and Pirates charging for the plate, Bob Lillis pushed a bunt into the vacated shortstop position for one run. Walter Bond tried to go from first to third but Clemente, sizing up the situation quickly, came in from right field to short and threw out Bond at third.

Pirates' Surge: Snoozing Fans Can't Believe It

By LES BIEDERMAN

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

It started out as a normal week
in Pittsburgh.

The business people were eyeing the steel negotiations, the average man, woman and child were watching Gemini 5 and the sports fans were keeping an ear tuned to the Steelers training in Rhode Island.

The Pirates had their followers also, but nobody was paying much attention to them, aside from the front office, the wives and the diehards.

There was a long weekend series with the Braves at Forbes Field to herald the last long home stand. When the Pirates lost the first game to the Braves, the fans figured another year, another second-division finish.

The Bucs won the last two from the Braves and there was a faint stirring among the fans. Very faint. They won the first from the Giants and then the second and the heavy breathing of the Pirate rooters could be heard.

Then, all of a sudden, the Pirates and the fans exploded.

The third game with the Giants was saved by the weatherman, washing out the tenth inning when the Giants scored twice. It reverted to a nine-inning, 3-3 tie, and Harry Walker took the occasion before a double-header the next night to use this as a platform for a pep talk.

Pour It on Giants

"Mother Nature gave us a break," he emphasized. "We saved a game we might have lost and we know we have a chance to win two in one night. This might be the spark to set us off."

So—the Pirates beat the Giants twice, ran their modest winning streak to six in a row and the fans now were buzzing.

Charged up like men on a mission, the Pirates saw the Astros take a 9-3 lead into the ninth inning behind Turk Farrell and they came barreling in for their final attack.

They used six singles — some bloops, some taps, some hard hit—and a hit batsman to score six times, tie it up, then win in the eleventh inning for their seventh straight. Andre Rodgers, who singled two runs home in a pinch in the ninth, won it in the eleventh on another single.

Walker had been waiting for a spot to give Roy Face some needed work and when the Astros led, 7-3, he sent Face in to pitch the ninth. They scored twice off him, but the Pirates showed Walker how they did it in 1960.

The winning streak ended the next day when Jim Wynn hit a three-run homer off the only pitch Don Schwall



Harry Walker

made in relief. They tacked on two big insurance runs in the ninth on Dave Giusti's line single.

Then the Astros had something they lacked the night before—relief. Giusti flagged down nine Pirates in a row.

The next day, the Pirates were back in the race again by taking the odd game from the Astros, despite four errors and giving the Texans 11 hits and six walks.

The fans didn't believe it; they kept staying away. The Bucs drew just 100,000 people in the seven straight wins at home.

Big Spree in August

August was a healthy month for the Pirates. They came from one game under .500 and eight games back to nine games over .500 and four and one-half games back.

Pirate Scoreboard: Joe Morgan collected ten hits in 16 trips against the Pirates and they finally blanked him in the last game. "We couldn't get him out any other way, so we just threw the ball down the middle and told him so," revealed Jim Pagliaroni. . . . The Bucs won the season series from the Astros, 10-8, but had six extra-inning games. . . . Willie Stargell's grand-slam against the Astros was his second of the season and the fourth for the Pirates. Andre Rodgers and Bob Bailey hit the others. . . . The Pirates tried Bat Day, August 29, with the Astros in town and gave away 14,000 bats. . . . Bill Mazeroski won a battle with the one-day virus. Whatever medicine he used, it could be bottled and sold. He came back and ripped off six straight hits before he was stopped. . . . Tommie Sisk celebrated the arrival of his first born, a nine-pound boy named Layne, by going five innings to beat the Giants, August 26. . . What price saves: Al McBean gave five runs, nine hits and three walks in six innings of relief, yet saved all three games. . . . Bob Bailey got an inside-the-park, three-run homer when Cap Peterson misjudged his drive to right field and then fell down chasing it. . . . Roy Face, who underwent a knee operation, pitched for the first time since May 5 when he came in against the Astros, August 27. Although he fanned the side, the Texans nicked him for two triples and a single. . . . Bob Veale suffered a 15-stitch gash in his left foot in a freak accident in his bedroom. He was cut by a piece of metal pro-

truding from the bed.